AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 Attorney Docket No.: Q85803

Application No.: 10/521,572

REMARKS

Claims 1-5 are all the claims pending in the application.

Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gräser

(Technological Solutions to Autonomous Robot Control, 1998) in view of Hudgens et al. (US

20030110649 A1).

The Applicants traverse the rejections and request reconsideration.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

Rejection of Claims 1-5 as being unpatentable over Gräser in view of Hudgens et al.

The Applicants thank the Examiner for the interview held on January 21, 2010, and the

suggestions made therein. Particularly, the Applicants discussed the importance of a teaching

operation and the teaching jig in performing this operation.

As discussed with the Examiner, a teaching operation is explained at least on page 1 of

the Specification. Further, on page 7 of the Specification, various components of the present

invention, including the teaching jig are described. Specifically, in the exemplary embodiment

that is described therein, item 3 is a teaching jig that is placed in the hand of the robot in place of

In the Final Office Action, the Examiner continues to consider the hand clamp of Graser

the wafer.

as equivalent to the teaching iig. However, the claim requires a teaching iig. This limitation

clearly implies that a teaching operation is required. Further, such a teaching jig is required to be

positioned in place of an object. Graser clearly does not disclose these features. The hand clamp

of Greaser cannot be considered to be a teaching jig.

The Examiner refers to Hudgens for its alleged teachings related to the teaching jig.

However, the jig 68 of Hudgens cannot be construed to be a teaching jig as in the present

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invention. Importantly, such a jig cannot be mounted on the placement portion of the robot in

place of the object.

Further, a skilled artisan would not have been motivated to combine the teachings of

Graser and Hudgens. This is at least because the jig of Hudgens cannot be placed in the end

effector of Graser. If the jig of Hudgens is positioned in the end effector of Graser, the device

will not work for its intended purpose. Therefore, the combined teachings of Graser and

Hudgens as recited in the independent claims 1 and 2. Claims 3-5 are dependent on claims 1

and 2 and are allowable at least for the same reasons.

In view of the above, reconsideration and allowance of this application are now believed

to be in order, and such actions are hereby solicited. If any points remain in issue which the

Examiner feels may be best resolved through a personal or telephone interview, the Examiner is

kindly requested to contact the undersigned at the telephone number listed below.

The USPTO is directed and authorized to charge all required fees, except for the Issue

Fee and the Publication Fee, to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. Please also credit any

overpayments to said Deposit Account.

Respectfully submitted.

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Date: February 26, 2010

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